CLEAN ENERGY FINANCE CORPORATION

CEFC's role as a catalyst for investment in Australia's solar future Oliver Yates, Chief Executive Officer of the CEFC 13 May 2015



CEFC Mission

Accelerate Australia's transformation towards a more competitive economy in a carbon constrained world, by acting as a catalyst to increase investment in emissions reduction



Agenda

- 1. Overview of the CEFC
- 2. CEFC's role in the solar sector
- 3. Factors influencing solar financing in Australia
- 4. Catalysing finance in new areas of growth for solar



© Clean Energy Finance Corporation 2



Role of the Clean Energy Finance Corporation

Dedicated resources

- Private sector finance expertise with public purpose to pursue energy efficiency and renewable energy across the economy
- Sector specialists focused on forming an in-depth understanding of clean energy projects, technologies and impacts on energy markets

Flexible and persistent

- Investment terms tailored to suit the unique characteristics and payback period of the project
- Willing to support projects banks find difficult, e.g. smaller, more complex or new to the Australian market

Paving the way for others

Facilitate the participation of private sector banks by sharing our expertise, acting as a co-financier and pioneering new solutions

How the CEFC works



- Adopts a commercial approach with tight criteria and filtering of investment projects
- Seeks investments with externalities that benefit the economy:
 - Assisting technologies to move down the cost curve
 - Building skills and supply chain capacity
 - Providing a demonstration effect
 - Emissions reduction

Co-financing and private sector leverage is integral to the CEFC's strategy



Outcomes after two years in operation



- Committed over \$1bn in investments for projects valued at over \$3bn
- Finance for over 70 projects, including
 - More than 40 direct investments
 - More than 30 under co-financing programs
- These projects are helping deliver lower energy costs for businesses – improving competitiveness as well as delivering 600MW of clean electricity generation capacity





Solar represents more than 25% of the CEFC CLEAN ENERGY FINANCE CORPORATION portfolio

CEFC portfolio by sector type (CEFC AUD\$ funded in %)



	Wind	24%
	Cogen	9%
	Solar PV	22%
3	HVAC, Monitoring Systems	7%
	Generation/Distribution	9%
	Lighting	8%
	Solar Thermal	4%
	Bioenergy	10%
	Industrial Process Improvement	3%
	Refrigeration	2%
	Ocean	2%



CEFC is working right across the economy

CEFC portfolio by sector type (**CEFC** AUD\$ funded in %)



Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	9%
Commercial Buildings	18%
Government	6%
Manufacturing/Industry	8%
Mining	8%
Utilities	46%
Residential	5%

CEFC's role in the solar sector



Cornerstone investor for new solar technologies

 e.g. Sundrop Farms solar thermal greenhouse



New financing models, setting a precedent for the financial market e.g. SunEdison solar residential and commercial PPA/lease financing



Helping to catalyse more investment into the solar sector

Finance for smaller utilityscale projects • e.g. \$13m for 3.1MW expansion of Uterne PV plant in NT

Financing merchant solar, when needed •e.g. 56MW Moree Solar PV Farm





Factors impacting solar financing in Australia





Technology innovation

Electricity prices and demand forecasts

Electric vehicle demand





Policy environment

Input costs for solar



Factors financiers consider – large scale solar



Risk Factor	Low Risk	High Risk
Technology	Proven, domestically deployed technology (e.g. solar PV plant)	Technology unproven/not commercially tested in Aus (e.g. utility-scale solar thermal dish)
Offtake	Guaranteed customer e.g. 10+yr contracted offtake	No PPA, merchant risk
Equity	Substantial equity from quality sponsor	Non-investment grade equity sponsor e.g. high net worth
Construction	Fixed price EPC with liquidated damages regime with significant balance sheet and completion guarantee	Non-fixed price contract
Operation and Maintenance	Sponsor has significant experience operating and maintaining solar plants internationally or in Australia	No previous experience operating/maintaining utility scale solar
Policy environment	Bipartisan agreement on LRET and legislative certainty, REC price trending upward or guaranteed state-based FiT	Ongoing reviews and negotiations, outlook for REC price remains low

Factors financiers consider - Small scale



Risk Factor	Low Risk	High Risk
Tariff structures	Certainty surrounding tariff structures and fixed price connection charges, small FiTs remain in place	Potential of high fixed price connection charges, or removal of FiT and other policy measures which may limit uptake of solar
Equity	Substantial equity from quality sponsor	Non-investment grade equity sponsor e.g. high net worth
Installation	Experienced installer sub-contracted	No installation experience and intention to use range of installers ad-hoc
Panel quality	Tier 1	Tier 3
Operation and maintenance (PPA/Leases)	Experienced operator with significant balance sheet and experience in Australia/offshore maintaining and operating distributed PV over long time frame. Sophisticated monitoring system established.	No experience in operating or maintaining network of distributed PV. No established monitoring system in place.
Retail electricity prices	High and likely to remain high	Forecasts for prices to fall



Large scale solar is increasingly competitive

- In Dubai, ACWA Power is building a 200MW unsubsidized large-scale solar plant for ~\$73 per
 MWh – fixed tariff over 25 years
- In the US, Crescent Dunes' 110MW solar tower plus storage is expected to be built for ~\$169 per MWh
- In South Africa, the 100MW Redstone solar thermal project is expected to be built at ~\$155MWh
- In the UK recent auction for large scale solar PV bids ranged from ~\$96 MWh-\$152 MWh
- In Australia, 3 solar farms were successful at the ACT auctions in 2012 with FiT ranging between
 \$178-\$186 MWh







Pipeline of \$500m in potential CEFC investments

Total project value over \$1bn

- > Solar PV and battery storage rollout for residential and business customers
- > Solar PV-diesel hybrid storage for off-grid mine sites and remote areas
- > Solar PV for health, sports and aged care facilities, universities and not-for-profits
- > Commercial solar for office buildings and manufacturing plants
- Utility scale solar PV and solar thermal with storage
- Electric car charging stations using solar PV





Solar for transport

Exporting Renewable Energy ... really?

- Potential to generate hydrogen from solar for cars instead of petrol and use it for electricity generation instead of gas
- Hydrogen cars can be refuelled faster than electric cars and can often drive longer before refuelling
- > Hydrogen doesn't emit CO2 when combusted
- Ability to make "petrol" on site by combining renewable power and water is now available



Toyota's view of the future car market



TOYOTA



Rewarded with a smile

Storage opportunities



Energy storage - How does it work?



SOLAR HOUSEHOLD

SOLAR + STORAGE HOUSEHOLD

Source: Bloomberg New Energy Finance

Visit our website for more information at: cleanenergyfinancecorp.com.au

CEFC

About us



Follow us on YouTube

Follow us on

LinkedIn

Follow us on 🔰

Twitter @CEFCAus

In

 <text>

 Read our Annual Report 2013-14
 Vew the report

 Vew the report
 Vew the report

 Vew the report
 Vew the report

 Mnual Report 2013.41
 Latest Presentations

 Subscribe to news and updates
 Sea Studies

 Subscribe to news and updates
 Sea Studies

 Subscribe to news and updates
 Sea Studies

CEFC